Nanopore structures, statistically representative elementary volumes, and transport properties of chalk

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Scientific Achievement
Performed a quantitative analysis of nano-pore structures of Chalk sample to identify the size of the statistically representative elementary volume (SREV)

Significance and Impact
Improved multi-scale imaging capabilities with sub-micron FIB-SEM techniques to accurately account for nanopore structural features impacting pore-scale flow and transport properties in caprock materials

Research Details
– Lattice Boltzmann simulations and topological analysis of nano-pore structures
– Quantitative analysis for Chalk sample shows FIB-SEM sample volume has a size of SREV at ~ 10 μm
– Permeability and surface area can be strongly affected by image resolution, highlighting the importance of features at the sub-micron scale for petrophysical and multiphase flow properties in caprock materials
– For multi-scale digital rock reconstruction, segmented 3-D FIB-SEM data at the SREV scale can be directly mapped to a thin section or micro-CT data